The three men who sought to push business and industry as the way of the "New South" were known as the	Name the Bourbon Redeemers/Triumvirate.	Give two examples of jobs and/or positions that the Bourbon Redeemers/Triumvirate held in the 1800's.
This political party established its dominance in the South following Reconstruction.	This Atlanta Constitution editor was known as the "voice of the New South."	Henry Grady wrote articles encouraging what in Georgia?
Atlanta hosted a few of these in the late 1800's to attract business investors to the city.	Name two reasons farmers suffered from the new emphasis on business/industry in Georgia.	What is the group that farmers formed to help each other with expenses?
One of the main issues facing farmers during this time period was the cost of mail delivery. Farmers fought for to make mail costs cheaper.	What is the political party that farmers in the South formed to promote their interests?	This man became a House Representative and leader of the Populist party.
This person became the first woman to be a U.S. Senator after the death of Tom Watson in office.	After Reconstruction, African- Americans in the South were disenfranchised. What does this mean?	By being intimidated and even killed for attempting to vote or participate in government, what constitutional right was being denied to African-Americans?
In 1906, this GA governor promoted laws taking away the ability to vote from African-Americans.	What was the initial cause of the 1906 Atlanta Race Riot?	The nickname given to laws in southern states that segregated public and places is
This man challenged segregation laws in Louisiana when he was rrested for sitting in a whites only section of a train car.	What was Plessy's argument to the Supreme Court?	Summarize the Supreme Court's decision in the Plessy v. Ferguson case.

This law required voters in Georgia to pay a tax before voting.	This law required voters to show that they could read before being allowed to vote.	How did voter registration times inconvenience sharecroppers (and most African-Americans) during this time period?
Name two tactics which the KKK would use to keep African-Americans from voting.	During an election, what is the "primary"?	Why were African-Americans able to be successfully kept from participating in the Democratic primaries?
Name the two main African- American leaders during the New South time period fighting for rights.	Booker T. Washington believed that African Americans should focus on this to achieve equality.	Booker T. gave a speech at the 1895 and said he was in favor of and hard work/education.
Booker T. Washington founded this school in Alabama to promote job training for African Americans.	W.E.B. Dubois disagreed with Washington and called for African- Americans to fight for their	Dubois co-founded this organization that challenged Jim Crow laws in the south through legal means.
This event discredited Booker T. Washington's believes in favor of Dubois'.	Name three examples of places that would have been legally segregated in the Jim Crow era South.	Name two accomplishments of Atlanta resident John Hope in the New South era.
What did John Hope's wife, Lugenia Burns Hope, establish to help the African-American community in Atlanta?	What was the purpose of the Neighborhood Union in Atlanta?	This Atlanta barber was born a slave but rose up to become a real estate buyer and Atlanta's first African American millionaire.
Alonzo Herndon's very successful insurance company was a first of its kind in Atlanta for African Americans and is still open for business today. What is its name?		,